Københavns Universitets Økonomiske InstitutAsset Pricing TheoryDecember 16, 2009Three hour written, closed book examinationTwo pages with three questions. The weights are only indicative.

Question 1 (35%).

- (1) Describe the one-period model under uncertainty. Explain the concepts of state space, securities, prices, dividend matrix and portfolio.
- (2) Introduce the notions of arbitrage and state price vector. Show that the existence of a state price vector implies the absence of arbitrage.
- (3) Introduce the notion of risk neutral probabilities and assume the existence of a zero coupon bond. Show that asset prices are the discounted expected dividends with respect to the risk neutral distribution.

Question 2 (35 %).

- (1) Describe the Black-Scholes-Merton model and list the main assumptions.
- (2) Derive Black-Scholes-Merton's differential equation.
- (3) Derive the Feynan-Kac solution to the pricing of a derivative in Black-Scholes-Merton model.

Question 3 (30 %). Consider a bond market with term structure P(t, T).

(1) Define the zero coupon yield y(t,T) and show that it is given by the formula

$$y(t,T) = -\frac{\log P(t,T)}{T-t}$$

for $0 \le t \le T$.

We seek to write a contract at time t which allows us to make an investment of one unit at time T_1 and to have a deterministic rate of return, determined at time t, over the interval $[T_1, T_2]$ where $0 \le t < T_1 < T_2 \le T$. (2) Show that we may achieve this aim by selling one T_1 -bond at time t and use the amount to buy T_2 -bonds.

The equivalent continuously compounded forward rate contracted at time t is denoted by $f(t, T_1, T_2)$.

(3) Determine a formula for $f(t, T_1, T_2)$ in terms of zero coupon bond prices and calculate the instantaneous forward rate f(t, T).